

On a homological problem for module categories with infinite radical cube zero

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Let A be an artin algebra over a commutative artin ring K . We denote by $\text{mod } A$ the category of finitely generated right A -modules, by $\text{ind } A$ the full subcategory of $\text{mod } A$ consisting of indecomposable modules, and by rad_A^∞ the infinite Jacobson radical of $\text{mod } A$ (being the intersection of all powers rad_A^i , $i \geq 1$, of the Jacobson radical rad_A of $\text{mod } A$). It has been proved by M. Auslander that an artin algebra A is of finite representation type if and only if $\text{rad}_A^\infty = 0$. In fact, by a result proved by F. U. Coelho, E. M. Marcos, H. A. Merklen and A. Skowroński, $(\text{rad}_A^\infty)^2 = 0$ implies that A is of finite representation type. Moreover, they investigated also the structure of module categories $\text{mod } A$ with $(\text{rad}_A^\infty)^3 = 0$.

About 12 years ago A. Skowroński conjectured that the following two conditions for an artin algebra A are equivalent:

- (1) For all but finitely many isomorphism classes of modules X in $\text{ind } A$, we have $\text{pd}_A X \leq 1$ or $\text{id}_A X \leq 1$.
- (2) A is a generalized double tilted algebra or a quasitilted algebra.

The aim of this talk is to confirm the above conjecture for module categories with infinite radical cube zero.

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