

Tenseurs : information quantique, complexité et combinatoires quantiques

Tensors: Quantum Information, Complexity and Combinatorics

Kevin Pratt

(Carnegie Mellon University)

**Structure and Randomness as Barriers to Fast(er)
Matrix Multiplication**

In 2003, Cohn and Umans proposed a group-theoretic approach to bounding the exponent of matrix multiplication. Previous work within this approach ruled out certain families of groups as a route to obtaining $\omega=2$, while other families of groups remain potentially viable. In this talk we'll discuss recent work that ruled out using groups of Lie type to obtain $\omega=2$ within this framework. At the same time, we'll see how prior barriers fail to prove this fact.