

Monge–Ampère type fully nonlinear equations on Hermitian manifolds

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Let (M^n, ω) be a compact Hermitian manifold of dimension $n \geq 2$, and χ a smooth real $(1, 1)$ form on M . Define

$$\chi_u = \chi + \frac{\sqrt{-1}}{2} \partial \bar{\partial} u \quad \text{and} \quad [\chi] = \{\chi_u : u \in C^2(M)\}.$$

Let $1 \leq \alpha < n$ and $\psi \in C^\infty(M)$, $\psi > 0$. We are concerned with the equation

$$\chi_u^n = \psi \chi_u^{n-\alpha} \wedge \omega^\alpha, \quad \chi_u > 0 \quad \text{on } M. \quad (1)$$

For $\alpha = n$ this is the complex Monge-Ampère equation which was first studied by S.-T. Yau and T. Aubin on compact Kähler manifolds. When $\alpha = 1$, both ω, χ are Kähler and ψ is constant, equation (1) was introduced by S. Donaldson in the setting of moment maps. In this talk we report some recent results based joint work with Qun Li and other coauthors.

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